# Crisis Communication Strategy Checklist

# #1. Pre-Crisis Preparation

#### • Identify Potential Risks:

- Conduct a comprehensive risk assessment to identify potential crises that could impact the organization, considering internal and external factors.
- Evaluate past incidents and industry trends to anticipate potential future crises.

#### • Establish Crisis Team:

- Formulate a dedicated crisis management team comprising key decision-makers from various departments, including communications, legal, human resources, and senior leadership.
- Define roles and responsibilities within the crisis team to ensure clear lines of communication and accountability.

# • Develop Response Protocols:

- Create detailed response protocols outlining specific actions to be taken during different types of crises, including communication strategies, decision-making processes, and escalation procedures.
- Establish a centralized communication hub or command center to coordinate response efforts and disseminate information efficiently.

#### Media Training:

- Provide media training to designated spokespersons and key personnel to handle media inquiries, interviews, and press conferences effectively.
- Conduct regular drills and simulations to practice crisis communication skills and enhance preparedness.

### • Monitor Early Warning Signs:

- Implement robust monitoring systems, including social media monitoring, media scanning, and stakeholder feedback mechanisms, to identify early warning signs of potential crises.
- Stay vigilant for emerging issues and trends that could escalate into full-blown crises, and proactively address them before they escalate.

# #2. Immediate Response

#### • Assess Situation:

- Quickly assess the nature and severity of the crisis, gathering accurate information from internal and external sources.
- Prioritize response efforts based on urgency and potential impact on stakeholders, operations, and reputation.

#### Activate Crisis Team:

- Immediately activate the crisis management team and initiate pre-established response protocols to ensure a swift and coordinated response.
- Convene regular crisis team meetings to assess developments, make decisions, and adjust strategies as needed.

# Designate Spokesperson:

- Designate a credible and articulate spokesperson to serve as the primary point of contact for media inquiries, public statements, and updates.
- Ensure the spokesperson is well-briefed, empathetic, and capable of delivering consistent and reassuring messages under pressure.

#### Internal Communication:

- Communicate transparently and frequently with internal stakeholders, including employees, executives, and board members, to provide guidance, updates, and reassurance.
- Establish internal communication channels, such as email updates, intranet portals, and town hall meetings, to facilitate dialogue and address concerns.

# #3. Communication Strategy

### • Transparency:

- Be transparent and forthcoming in all communications, acknowledging the situation, admitting mistakes (if applicable), and providing accurate information to build trust and credibility.
- Avoid downplaying or sugarcoating the severity of the crisis, as this can undermine credibility and exacerbate distrust.

#### Consistency:

- Ensure consistency in messaging across all communication channels, including traditional media, social media, websites, and internal communications, to avoid confusion and conflicting narratives.
- Develop key talking points and core messages that align with the organization's values, mission, and objectives and reinforce them consistently throughout the crisis.

#### • Empathy:

- Demonstrate empathy and compassion towards those affected by the crisis, including customers, employees, communities, and other stakeholders, acknowledging their concerns and addressing their needs.
- Express genuine concern and commitment to resolving the crisis and mitigating its impact, showing that the organization values the well-being and safety of its stakeholders above all else.

#### Timeliness:

- Provide regular updates and information promptly to keep stakeholders informed and mitigate speculation, uncertainty, and misinformation.
- Establish specific communication timelines and milestones to ensure timely dissemination of critical information and updates throughout the crisis lifecycle.

# Accessibility:

- Ensure that communication channels, including dedicated crisis hotlines, email addresses, social media accounts, and online portals, are accessible and user-friendly for stakeholders.
- Monitor communication channels actively and respond promptly to stakeholders' inquiries, feedback, and concerns, demonstrating responsiveness and accountability.

# #4. Stakeholder Engagement

#### Customers/Clients:

- Communicate directly with customers and clients to address their concerns, answer their questions, and provide updates on how the crisis impacts them, their products, or services.
- Offer practical solutions, alternatives, or remedies to minimize customer disruptions and inconvenience, demonstrating the organization's commitment to customer satisfaction and loyalty.

## Employees:

- Keep employees informed about the crisis, its potential impact on the organization, and any relevant changes to operations, policies, or procedures.
- Provide regular updates and guidance to employees on how to stay safe, cope with stress, and support each other during the crisis, prioritizing their health, safety, and well-being.

# • Investors/Shareholders:

- Provide timely updates and transparent communications to investors and shareholders regarding the crisis's impact on the organization's financial performance, operations, and strategic direction.
- Address investor concerns, questions, and inquiries promptly and comprehensively, demonstrating financial stability, resilience, and long-term value creation.

# Community/General Public:

- Engage with the broader community and general public through proactive outreach, community partnerships, and social responsibility initiatives to demonstrate the organization's commitment to corporate citizenship and social impact.
- Provide accurate information, resources, and support to affected communities, vulnerable populations, and local stakeholders, contributing to community resilience, recovery, and rebuilding efforts.

#### #5. Post-Crisis Evaluation

# Debriefing:

- Conduct a comprehensive post-crisis debriefing with the crisis management team and relevant stakeholders to review the organization's response, actions, and outcomes during the crisis.
- Identify strengths, weaknesses, lessons learned, and areas for improvement in crisis preparedness, response capabilities, and communication effectiveness.

# **Feedback Gathering:**

- Gather feedback from stakeholders, including customers, employees, investors, and the general public, on their perceptions of the organization's crisis response and communication efforts.
- Use surveys, focus groups, interviews, and social media monitoring to collect qualitative and quantitative feedback, insights, and recommendations for future crisis management and communication strategies.

#### **Update Protocols:**

- Update crisis response protocols, communication plans, and training materials based on lessons learned, best practices, and feedback gathered from the crisis.
- Incorporate new insights, strategies, technologies, and resources into the organization's crisis management framework to enhance resilience, agility, and responsiveness to future crises.

# Continual Improvement:

- Foster a culture of continuous organizational improvement and learning, encouraging proactive risk management, scenario planning, and crisis preparedness at all levels.
- Establish mechanisms for ongoing monitoring, evaluation, and refinement of crisis communication strategies, ensuring they remain effective, relevant, and adaptable to evolving threats and challenges.

# #6. Legal and Ethical Considerations

# Compliance:

- Ensure all crisis communications adhere to relevant laws, regulations, industry standards, and organizational policies, including data protection, privacy, and confidentiality requirements.
- Consult with legal counsel and compliance experts to mitigate legal risks, liabilities, and reputational damage associated with crisis communication activities.

#### Ethical Practices:

- Uphold ethical standards and principles in all crisis communication efforts, including honesty, integrity, transparency, and respect for stakeholders' rights and interests.
- Avoid engaging in deceptive, manip